

95 學年度博士班入學考試

95.5.16

Ph.D. Entrance Exam: Analysis  
May 16, 2006

1. (20%) Consider the system of equations 
$$\begin{cases} \ln(xu) + e^{yv^2} = 3x, \\ \sin(xv) + \frac{yu}{y^2 + u^2} = 5y. \end{cases} \quad \text{Is}$$
 the system uniquely solvable for  $u, v$  in terms of  $x, y$  near  $(x, y, u, v) = (1, -\pi, \pi, -1)$ ? Why?
2. Let  $f : (0, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a differentiable function.
  - (a) (10%) Prove or disprove that the derivative function  $f'$  has the intermediate value property on  $(0, 1)$ .
  - (b) (10%) Prove or disprove that  $f'$  is continuous on  $(0, 1)$ .
3. Consider a real-valued function  $f$  on an interval.
  - (a) (10%) Show that if  $f$  satisfies a Lipschitz condition then  $f$  is absolutely continuous.
  - (b) (10%) Suppose that  $f$  is absolutely continuous and differentiable so that  $f'$  is integrable. Show that  $f$  satisfies a Lipschitz condition if and only if  $|f'|$  is bounded.
4. (20%) Let  $f_n : [0, 2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a sequence of differentiable functions whose derivatives are uniformly bounded. Prove that if  $f_n(1)$  is bounded as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ , then the sequence  $(f_n)$  has a subsequence that converges uniformly on  $[0, 2]$ .
5. (20%) Let  $X$  be a linear vector space that is complete in the norms  $\|\cdot\|_1$  and  $\|\cdot\|_2$ . Prove that if there is a constant  $C > 0$  such that  $\|x\|_1 \leq C\|x\|_2$  for all  $x \in X$ , then the norms are equivalent.